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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/621,958	07/16/2003	Steven J. Locke	357000-1200	2039
38706 75	590 09/11/2006		EXAMINER	
	RDNER LLP		VENCI, DAVID J	
1530 PAGE MI PALO ALTO,			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
·			1641	
			DATE MAILED: 09/11/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/621,958	LOCKE & PINTO				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	David J. Venci	1641				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filled after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
 Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>June 8, 2006</u>. This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. 						
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>4-23,28 and 32-36</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>28</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☒ Claim(s) <u>4-23 and 32-36</u> is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☒ Claim(s) <u>4-23,28 and 32-36</u> are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 06/08/06.	4) Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

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Examiner acknowledges Applicants' reply, filed June 8, 2006, which cancelled claims 1-3, 24-27 and 29-

31, and added new claims 32-36.

Currently, claims 4-23 and 32-36 are under examination. Claim 28 is drawn to a non-elected invention

and remains withdrawn from consideration.

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office

action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112 - second paragraph

Claims 4-23 and 32-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing

to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Throughout the claims, the phrase "differential isotope labeled reagents" is indefinite. The number of

chemically distinct reagents is not clear. The number of isotopically distinct reagents is not clear.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

Claims 4-15, 17-23 and 32-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Aebersold et

al. (US 6,670,194). With respect to independent claim 36:

Aebersold et al. describe a method for analysis of at least three samples (see col. 13, line 47, "more than

two samples") of cellular extracts (see col. 5, line 63, "cell or tissue lysates") comprising molecules,

wherein the molecules have an amine bearing an active hydrogen (see col. 10, lines 30-41, "PRGs...

include... those that react with amino groups"), the method comprising:

(i) providing at least three combinations of differential isotope labeled reagents (see col. 13, lines

47-49, "sets of identical tagged peptides in which each set member is differentially isotopically

labeled"), wherein each of the at least three combinations of differential isotope labeled reagents

comprises at least two chemically distinct reagents (see e.g., col. 10, line 30, "protein reactive

group"; see also lines 51-52, "aldehydes or ketones in the presence... of NaBH₄ or NaCNBH₃")

(paraphrasing mine), and the at least two chemically distinct reagents are present in each of the

at least three combinations of differential isotope labeled reagents (see col. 13, lines 47-49, "sets

of identical tagged peptides") (emphasis added), and each of the at least three combinations of

differential isotope reagents is isotopically distinct (see col. 13, lines 47-49, "differentially

isotopically labeled");

(ii) reacting (a) a first sample with (b) a first combination of differential isotope labeled reagents,

reacting (c) a second sample with (d) a second combination of differential isotope labeled

reagents, and reacting (e) a third sample with (f) a third combination of differential isotope labeled

reagents (see col. 11, lines 37-38, "the proteins in each sample are reacted with affinity tagging

reagents"), wherein the reacting results in a reductive alkylation of the amine of the molecule to

alkylamine derivatives (see col. 10, lines 50-52, "aldehydes or ketones in the presence... of

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NaBH₄ or NaCNBH₃") (paraphrasing mine), such that the derivatives are labeled at an alkylamine (see col. 8, lines 27-30, "any one or more of the hydrogen, nitrogen, oxygen or sulfur atoms in the linker may be replaced with their isotopically stable isotope");

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- (iii) combining the derivatives (see col. 6, lines 2-3, "The treated samples are then combined");
- (iv) separating the derivatized molecules into fractions (see col. 36, lines 11-12, "separated by 1D or 2D gel electrophoresis");
- (v) enzymatically cleaving the derivatized molecules (see col. 19, lines 41-43, "proteolysis");
- (vi) separating the fragments (see col. 19, lines 41-43, "isolated by affinity chromatography");
- (vii) examining the derivatives by mass spectrometry (see Abstract, "reaction products are characterized by mass spectrometric (MS) techniques"); and
- (viii) sequencing the fragments (see col. 36, lines 19-36, "CID spectrum of a peptide contains sufficient information to identify the protein by searching sequence databases").

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

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Claim 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Aebersold et al. (US 6,670,194)

in view of Vandekerckhove & Gevaert (US 2004/0005633).

Aebersold et al. teach a method for the simultaneous quantitative analysis of at least three samples as

substantially described, supra, and incorporated herein.

Aebersold et al. do not teach a method wherein formaldehyde and acetaldehyde are used.

However, Vandekerckhove & Gevaert teach the use of deuterated formaldehyde and acetaldehyde (see

para. [0107]) in order to induce a distinguishable mass shift in peptide analysis.

It would have been obvious for a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the method of Aebersold et

al. with the use of formaldehyde and acetaldehyde because Vandekerckhove & Gevaert teach that such

reactions are "known to proceed in mild conditions" and "may lead to the incorporation of a predictable

number of deuterium atoms" (see para. [0107]).

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Response to Arguments

In prior Office Action, claims 1-27 and 29 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) or 35 U.S.C. 103(a) in

view of various combinations of teachings of Aebersold et al. (US 6,670,194), Figeys et al. (US

2002/0076817) and Vandekerckhove & Gevaert (US 2004/0005633).

In response, Applicants set forth three arguments enumerated in Applicants' reply, pp. 13-17.

Applicants' arguments have been carefully considered but are not persuasive.

Applicants' arguments that Aebersold et al. fail to show certain features of Applicants' invention (e.g.,

specific aldehydes, reducing agents, solvents, etc.) is not persuasive because these features are not

recited in the rejected claims. Applicants' invention, as claimed, does not recite a specific derivatization

agent. Although claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are

not read into the claims. See In re Van Geuns, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

Examiner acknowledges that Aebersold et al. describe analytical reagents that include linkers ("L"),

protein reactive groups ("PRG") and affinity labels ("A"). However, the mere fact that Aebersold et al.

characterize their reagent using alphanumeric symbols A-L-PRG does not detract from the reality that

Aebersold et al. describe differentially labeled isotope reagents. Insofar as Applicants' invention, as

claimed, merely requires "differential isotope labeled reagents", Examiner posits that Aebersold's

description of "analytical reagents" is sufficient to anticipate Applicants' invention, as claimed.

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Conclusion

No claims are allowed at this time.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David J. Venci whose telephone number is 571-272-2879. The examiner can normally be reached on 08:00 - 16:30 (EST). If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Long Le can be reached on 571-272-0823. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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CHRISTOPHER L. CHIN PRIMARY EXAMINER GROUP_1800 /44/

8/21/06